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A COMPARATIVE STUDY OF ENVIRONMENTAL

AWARENESS AND ENVIRONMENTAL ATTITUDE OF

STUDENTS OF PRIVATE AND GOVT SECONDARY

SCHOOLS

Dr. Manju Badhwar

Principal

Sat Priya College of Education

Rohtak

INTRODUCATON

Environment refers to the sum total of conditions which surround man at given point in space

and time. The word environment is used for the surroundings. Whatever exits around the

living beings above as well as on the surface of the earth. Environmental education is the

bond between the environment crisis and educational crisis. Environmental education teaches

people that natural environment and man-Made environment are profoundly interdependent

and links the acts of today to the consequences of tomorrow. Environmental education is the

process of recognizing values and clarifying in order to develop skills and attitudes necessary

to understand.

SIGNIFICANCE

The present study is an attempt to see the comparison between environmental awareness and

environmental attitude. The growth and development of awareness and attitude,

understanding and consciousness toward the biophysical environment and its problem

including human interaction and effects.

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STATEMENT OF THE PROBLEM

The problem taken by researcher as follow:

"COMPARATIVE STUDY OF ENVIRONMENTAL AWARNESS AND

ENEVIRONMENTAL ATTITUDE OF STUDENTS OF PRIVATE AND GOVT.

SECONDARY SCHOOLS"

OBJECTIVES

The study has been designed to realize the following objectives:

1) To compare environmental awareness of the boys and girls of GOVT. Senior secondary

schools.

2) To compare environmental awareness of boys and girls of NON-GOVT. Senior secondary

schools.

3) To compare environmental awareness of boys of NON- GOVT. Senior secondary schools.

4) To compare environmental awareness of girls of GOVT. and NON-GOVT. Senior

secondary schools.

5) To compare environmental attitude of the boys and girls of GOVT. Senior secondary

chools.

6) To compare environmental attitude of the boys and girls of NON-GOVT. Senior secondary

schools.

7) To compare environmental attitude of the boys of girls of GOVT. and NON-GOVT.

Senior secondary schools.

8) To compare environmental attitude of girls of GOVT. and NON-GOVT. Senior secondary

schools.

HYPOTHESES

The researcher has formulated null hypothesis.

1. There is no significant difference between boys and girls of Govt. Senior secondary

schools towards environmental Awareness.

2. There is no significant difference between boys and girls of Non-Govt. senior secondary

schools towards environmental Awareness.

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3. There is no significant difference between boys of Govt. and Non-Govt. senior secondary

schools towards environmental Awareness.

4. There is no significant difference between girls of Govt. senior secondary schools towards

environmental attitude.

5. There is no significant difference between boys and girls of Govt. senior secondary schools

towards environmental attitude.

6. There is no significant difference between boys and girls of NON-Govt. senior secondary

schools towards environmental attitude.

7. There is no significant difference between boys of Govt. and NON-Govt. senior secondary

schools towards environmental attitude.

8. There is no significant difference between girls of Govt. and NON-Govt. senior secondary

schools towards environmental attitude.

LIMITATIONS OF THE STUDY

The present study will be delimited to Rohtak city.

The study will be delimited to 11th and 12th class students of four schools

They study will be delimited to Two standardized test

(1) For determining Environmental Awareness,

(1) For determining Environmental Attitude.

RESEARCH METHODOLOGY

The survey is descriptive

SAMPLE

Sample will comprise 280 student Where 140 students of Govt. senior secondary schools and

140 students of non-govt. senior secondary schools.

Among 140 govt. senior secondary school students there are 70 boys and girls.

TOOLS TO BE USED

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- 1) Environment awareness ability measure (EAAM) test conducted by DR. NAVEEN KUMAR JHA (Madhepura, Bihar)
- 2) Taj environment attitude scale (TEAS) test constructed by DR. Hansen Taj (Bangalore)

Statistical technique:

The data will be statistically analyzed by using

Mean. Standard deviation and't' value / mean is used as a measure of tendency the formula for calculating the mean of an ungrouped data is

$$M = \sum x/N$$

Where $\sum x$ stands for the sum of scores or values of the items and N for the total number of items in a series or group.

STANDARD DEVIATION (S.d.)

S.D is regard as the most stable and reliable measure of variability as it employs the mean for its computation.

'T' - Test:

To test the significance of difference between two means. Researcher to determine the standard Error = (S.E) of the difference between the means and then compute the t-ratio.

To determine the standard Error of the difference between the means of two sample.

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